WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising the amino sequence essentially as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2.
- The isolated polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide comprises the nucleic acid sequence essentially as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.
- 3. The polynucleotide of claim 2, wherein said polynucleotide is operatively linked to a promoter.
- 4. The polynucleotide of claim 3, wherein said promoter is a tissue-specific promoter.
- 5. The polynucleotide of claim 2, further defined as a cDNA segment.
- 6. The polynucleotide of claim 2, wherein said polynucleotide is comprised in a vector.
- 7. The polynucleotide of claim 6, wherein said vector is selected from the group consisting of a retroviral vector, an adenoviral vector, and adeno-associated viral vector, a lentivirus vector, a vaccinia viral vector, and a herpesviral vector.
- 8. The polynucleotide of claim 1, further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation.
- 9. A recombinant host cell comprising a DNA segment encoding an isolated human choline transporter.

- 10. The recombinant host cell of claim 9, wherein said DNA segment encoding a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence essentially as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2.
- 11. The recombinant host cell of claim 9, wherein said cell is a human cell.
- 12. A recombinant vector comprising a DNA segment encoding a human choline transporter polypeptide under the control of a promoter.
- 13. The recombinant vector of claim 12, wherein said vector enhances cholinergic signaling.
- 14. A purified and isolated polynucleotide wherein the polynucleotide comprises a sequence identical or complementary to between 14 and 100 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1.
- The polynucleotide of claim 14, wherein said polynucleotide comprises least 20 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 16. The polynucleotide of claim 14, wherein said polynucleotide comprises least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 17. The polynucleotide of claim 16, wherein said polynucleotide comprises least 100 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 18. The polynucleotide of claim 14, wherein said polynucleotide is complementary to at least 20 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 19. The polynucleotide of claim 14, wherein said polynucleotide is complementary to at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1.

- 20. The polynucleotide of claim 19, wherein said polynucleotide is complementary to at least 50 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 21. A purified peptide comprising at least 10 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 22. The peptide of claim 21, comprising at least 20 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 23. The peptide of claim 21, comprising at least 50 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 24. The peptide of claim 21, wherein said peptide is sensitive to hemicholinium-3.
- The peptide of claim 21, wherein said wherein said peptide is mutated relative to the wild-type hCHT protein.
- 26. The peptide of claim 25, wherein said peptide modulates high-affinity choline uptake.
- 27. The peptide of claim 21, wherein said peptide binds to an antibody specific to the polypeptide comprising at least 10 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:2 encoded by human cDNA.
- 28. A method of using a DNA segment that encodes an isolated human choline transporter protein, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) preparing a recombinant vector in which a human choline transporter encoding said DNA segment is positioned under the control of a promoter;
 - (b) introducing said recombinant vector into a host cell;

- (c) culturing said host cell under conditions effective to allow expression of the encoded protein or peptide; and
- (d) collecting said expressed protein or peptide.
- 29. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising the amino sequence essentially as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4.
- The isolated polynucleotide of claim 29, wherein said polynucleotide comprises the nucleic acid sequence essentially as set forth in SEQ ID NO:3.
- The polynucleotide of claim 30, wherein said polynucleotide is operatively linked to a promoter.
- 32. The polynucleotide of claim 30, further defined as a cDNA segment.
- 33. The polynucleotide of claim 30, wherein said polynucleotide is comprised in a vector.
- 34. A recombinant host cell comprising a DNA segment encoding an isolated choline transporter having the amino acid sequence essentially as set forth in SEQ ID NO:4.
- 35. A recombinant vector comprising a DNA segment encoding a mouse choline transporter polypeptide under the control of a promoter.
- 36. A purified and isolated polynucleotide wherein the polynucleotide comprises a sequence identical or complementary to between 10 and 100 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:3.

- 37. A purified peptide comprising at least 10 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:4.
- 38. The peptide of claim 37, wherein said peptide binds to an antibody specific to the polypeptide comprising at least 10 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:4 encoded by mouse cDNA.
- An antibody that immunologically binds to a protein or peptide encoded by a contiguous sequence from the nucleic acid sequence essentially as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.
- 40. An antibody that immunologically binds to a CHT protein or peptide that includes a contiguous amino acid sequence from SEQ ID NO:2.
- 41. The antibody of claim 40, wherein said antibody is a polyclonal antibody.
- 42. The antibody of claim 40, wherein said antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 43. The antibody of claim 42, wherein said antibody is operatively attached to a therapeutic agent.
- 44. The antibody of claim 42, wherein said antibody is operatively attached to a detectable label.
- 45. The antibody of claim 44, wherein said label is selected from the group consisting of a fluorescent label, a chemiluminescent label, a electroluminescent label, a radiolabel and an enzyme.
- 46. The antibody of claim 45, wherein said label is a green fluorescent protein.
- 47. The antibody of claim 45, wherein said label is a β-galactosidase.

- 48. The antibody of claim 40, wherein said antibody is adapted to detect losses in cholenergic neurons.
- 49. A method of screening for cholinergic therapeutics comprising:
 - (a) obtaining a candidate substance;
 - (b) obtaining a recombinant cell comprising a polynucleotide encoding a choline transporter (CHT) polypeptide and a promoter heterologous to the polypeptide coding region, wherein said promoter directs expression of said CHT polypeptide;
 - (c) combining candidate substance with said cell; and
 - (d) determining whether said candidate substance modulates high-affinity choline uptake.
- 50. The method of claim 49, wherein said CHT is a human choline transporter (hCHT).
- 51. The method of claim 49, wherein said CHT is a mouse choline transporter (mCHT).
- 52. The method of claim 49, wherein said cell is a human cell.
- 53. The method of claim 49, wherein said cell is a mouse cell.
- 54. The method of claim 49, wherein said cell is an invertebrate cell.
- 55. The method of claim 49, wherein said cell and said candidate substance are combined *in vitro*.

- 56. The method of claim 49, wherein said cell and said candidate substance are combined *in vivo*.
- 57. The method of claim 49, wherein said candidate substance is an acetylcholine receptor therapeutic.
- 58. The method of claim 49, wherein said candidate substance is selected from a small molecule library.
- 59. The method of claim 49, wherein said candidate substance is an antibody.
- 60. The method of claim 59, wherein said antibody comprises SEQ ID NO: 25
- 61. The method of claim 49, wherein said candidate substance is a gene probe
- The method of claim 49, wherein said candidate substance has low affinity against hCHT.
- The method of claim 49, wherein determining comprises detecting a label operatively attached to said polypeptide.
- 64. The method of claim 63, wherein said detectable label is hemicholinium-3.
- 65. The method of claim 49, wherein said determining comprises Western Blot analysis.
- 66. The method of claim 49, wherein said determining comprises using a choline transport assay.

- 67. The method of claim 66, wherein said choline transport assay is a [³H] choline transport assay.
- 68. The method of claim 66, wherein said choline transport assay further comprises COS-7 cells.
- 69. The method of claim 49, wherein determining comprises using *in situ* hybridization, PCR or gene chip analysis.
- 70. The method of claim 49, wherein determining comprises using a negative screen.
- 71. The method of claim 49, further comprising using said candidate substance to screen specificity for acetylcholine receptor-directed agents.
- 72. The method of claim 71, wherein said acetylcholine receptor-directed agents are nicotinic or muscarinic acetylcholine receptor-directed agents.
- 73. The method of claim 49, further comprising mapping mutations to the hCHT gene.
- 74. The method of claim 49, further comprising quantitatively evaluating cholinergic gene expression.
- 75. The method of claim 49, further comprising using said candidate substance to probe human cholinergic neurons.
- 76. The method of claim 49, further comprising using said candidate substance to identify cholinergic neurons in a postmortem brain.
- 77. A method of treating a patient comprising:
 - (a) obtaining a candidate substance;

- (b) obtaining a recombinant cell comprising a polynucleotide encoding a choline transporter (CHT) polypeptide and a promoter heterologous to the polypeptide coding region, wherein said promoter directs expression of said CHT polypeptide;
- (c) combining candidate substance with said cell;
- (d) determining whether said candidate substance modulates high-affinity choline uptake; and
- (e) delivering said candidate substance in a therapeutic formulation to a patient.
- 78. The method of claim 77, further comprising using an antibody to aid in transport of said candidate substance.
- 79. The method of claim 78, wherein said antibody aids in transport of said candidate substance to the brain of said patient.
- 80. The method of claim 78, wherein said antibody comprises SEQ ID NO: 25.
- 81. The method of claim 78, further comprising a probe attached to said antibody.
- The method of claim 77, further comprising treating a neuromuscular, autonomic or central nervous system disorder of said patient.
- 83. The method of claim 77, further comprising treating a disease in said patient wherein said disease is Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, Alzheimer's, schizophrenia, dysautonomia or myasthenia gravis.
- 84. The method of claim 77, wherein determining comprises using *in situ* hybridization, PCR or gene chip analysis.

- 85. The method of claim 77, wherein determining comprises using a negative screen.
- 86. The method of claim 77, wherein said cell is contacted in vitro.
- 87. The method of claim 77, wherein said cell is contacted in vivo.
- 88. A nucleic acid detection kit comprising, in suitable container means, an isolated human choline transporter nucleic acid segment and a detection reagent.
- 89. The nucleic acid detection kit of claim 88, wherein the detection reagent is a detectable label that is linked to said nucleic acid segment.
- 90. The nucleic acid detection kit of claim 88, wherein the detection reagent is hemicholinium-3.
- 91. The nucleic acid detection kit of claim 88, further comprising a gene chip.
- 92. The nucleic acid detection kit of claim 88, further comprising an antibody.
- 93. A transgenic mouse, wherein said mouse lacks at least one functional mouse choline transporter (mCHT) allele.
- 94. The mouse of claim 93, wherein said mouse lacks two functional mCHT alleles.
- 195. The mouse of claim 93, wherein said mouse lacks the gene essentially as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 3.
- 96. A transgenic mouse, wherein the genome of said mouse comprises a choline transporter (CHT) encoding a DNA segment under the control of a heterologous promoter.
- 97. The mouse of claim 96, wherein said mouse expresses more CHT polypeptides when compared to a non-transgenic littermate.

- 98. A transgenic mouse, wherein at least one mouse choline transporter (mCHT) allele is operably attacted to a detectable label.
- 99. The mouse of claim 98, wherein said label is selected from the group consisting of a fluorescent label, a chemiluminescent label, a electroluminescent label, a radiolabel and an enzyme.
- 100. The mouse of claim 99, wherein said label is a green fluorescent protein.
- 101. The mouse of claim 99, wherein said label is a β-galactosidase.
- 102. A method comprising the step of delivering a polynucleotide encoding a choline transporter (CHT) polypeptide to a cell.
- The method of claim 102, wherein said CHT polypeptide comprising the amino sequence essentially as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 104. The method of claim 102, wherein said method causes an increase in cholinergic function in said cell.
- 105. The method of claim 104, wherein said cell is in a patient having Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, Alzheimer's, schizophrenia, dysautonomia or myasthenia gravis.